

Introduction to the IPCC

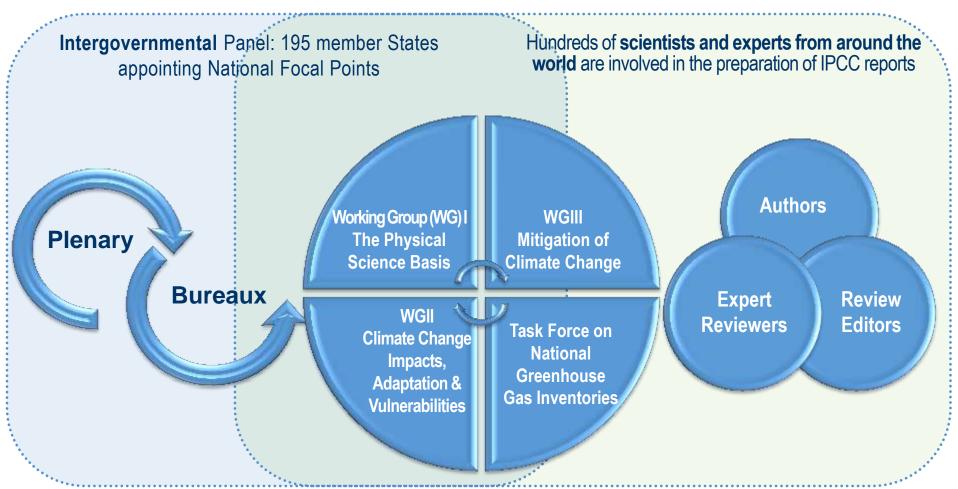
Thelma Krug Vice-Chair of the IPCC Kingston, 1 December 2016





Science/Policy Interface

IPCC – jointly established by WMO and UNEP, action endorsed by the UN General Assembly







The role of the IPCC is ...

"... to assess on a comprehensive, objective, open and transparent basis the scientific, technical and socio-economic information relevant to understanding the scientific basis of risk of human-induced climate change, its potential impacts and options for adaptation and mitigation."

"IPCC reports should be neutral with respect to policy, although they may need to deal objectively with scientific, technical and socio-economic factors relevant to the application of particular policies."

Principles Governing IPCC Work, paragraph 2
Source: http://www.ipcc.ch/pdf/ipcc-principles/ipcc-principles.pdf





IPCC Reports

Five assessment reports (1990, 1995, 2001, 2007, 2013-14)

1992 supplementary report and 1994 special report

Nine special reports (1997, 1999, 2000, 2005, 2011, 2012)

Guidelines for national GHG inventories, good practice guidance (1995, 1996, 2000, 2003, 2006, 2013)

Six technical papers (1996-2008)

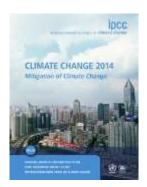


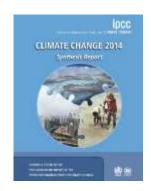
CLIMATE CHANGE 2014

Achievements: 2013/2014 Fifth Assessment Report









Key messages

Human influence on the climate system is clear

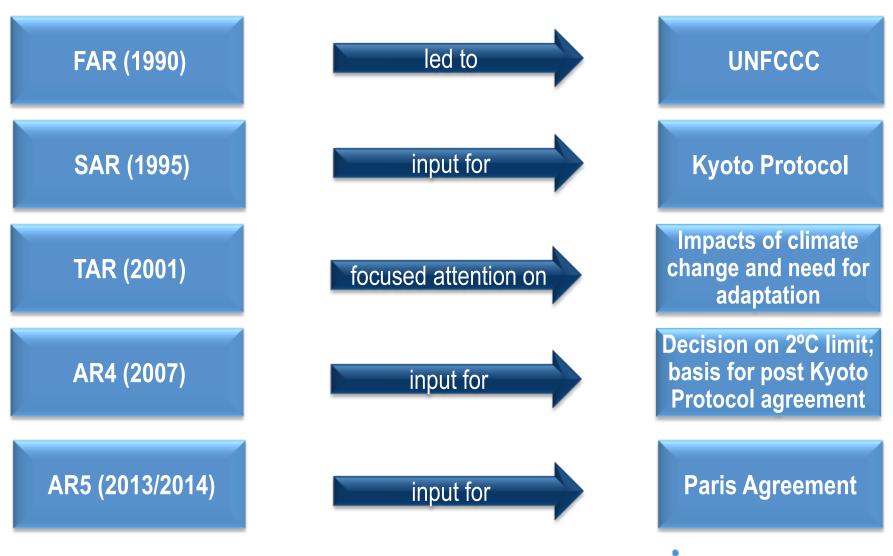
The more we disrupt our climate, the more we risk severe, pervasive and irreversible impacts

We have the means to limit climate change and build a more prosperous, sustainable future





Achievements: The Assessment Reports



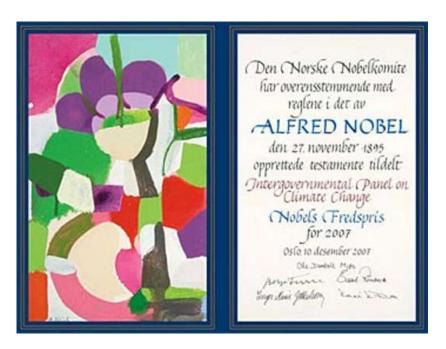




IPCC Scholarship Programme



The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) developed its scholarship programme after receiving the Nobel Peace Prize in December 2007



The IPCC Scholarship Programme



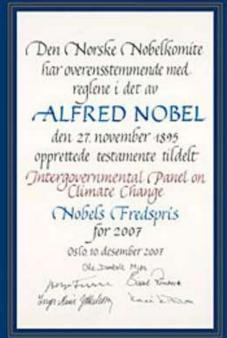






Achievements: 2007 Nobel Peace Prize







The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change and Albert Arnold (Al) Gore Jr. were awarded the Nobel Peace Prize

"for their efforts to build up and disseminate greater knowledge about man-made climate change, and to lay the foundations for the measures that are needed to counteract such change".





What is next for the IPCC?

IPCC Decision XLIII-5

"To take the outcomes of the 21st Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) into consideration when determining the IPCC programme of work and products for the sixth IPCC assessment cycle"

AR6 cycle Special Reports on



impacts of global warming of **1.5 °C** above pre-industrial levels and related global greenhouse gas emission pathways by 2018



Climate change and oceans and the cryosphere



Climate change, desertification, land degradation, sustainable land management, food security, and greenhouse gas fluxes in terrestrial ecosystems





What is next for the IPCC? (cont.)

AR6 Main Report



Expected to be released in three working group contributions in 2020/2021 and a **Synthesis Report** in 2022

Methodology Report update



Methodology Report on National Greenhouse Gas Inventories by 2019

Cities



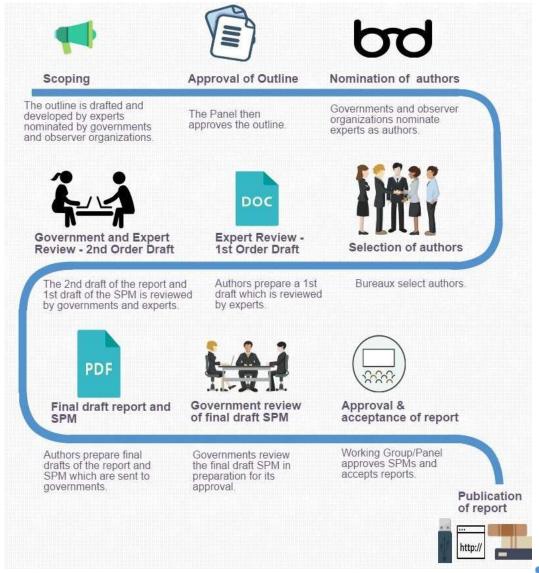
Attention on cities in AR6 including a conference and special report on cities in AR7







How the IPCC produces its reports







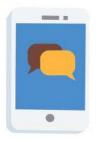
Keep informed - be involved



Learn about the **IPCC processes** and how the IPCC **produces its reports**



Check the IPCC website regularly for an up-to-date information: www.ipcc.ch



Follow IPCC on social media; send questions and interview requests to ipcc-media@wmo.int





The role of the IPCC is ...

- How can local scientists build a pipeline of papers from the region that can be assessed in future assessment reports?
- How can emerging local scientists become IPCC Authors?
- How can we ensure that research on the pressing issues facing Jamaica and the region is fully assessed in the IPCC?
- Early sight of emerging research challenges and new understanding of climate change to inform local research agenda
- Exposing new and existing students and post-docs to the culture and practice of the international research community
- AR6: prospects to improve national/regional contribution to future assessments





THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

For more information:

Website: http://ipcc.ch/

IPCC Secretariat: ipcc-sec@wmo.int

IPCC Press Office: ipcc-media@wmo.int

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