

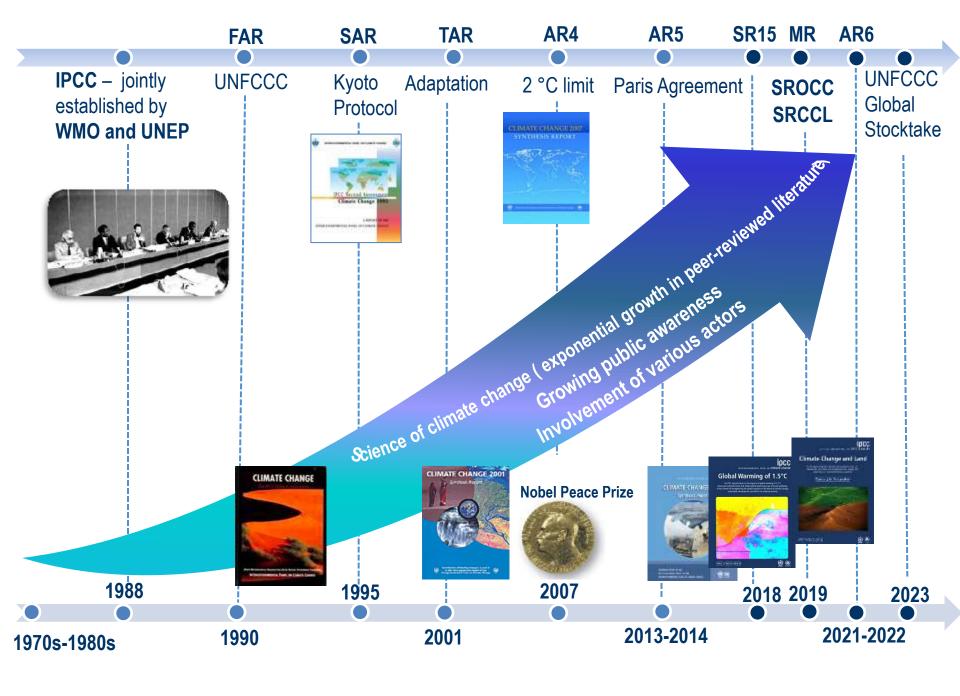
Jonathan Lynn

IPCC Head of Communications and Media Relations

Almaty, Kazakhstan
21-22 August 2019
bit.ly/ipcc\_outreach\_centralasia







### The role of the IPCC is ...

"... to assess on a comprehensive, objective, open and transparent basis the scientific, technical and socio-economic information relevant to understanding the scientific basis of risk of human-induced climate change, its potential impacts and options for adaptation and mitigation."

"IPCC reports should be neutral with respect to policy, although they may need to deal objectively with scientific, technical and socio-economic factors relevant to the application of particular policies."

Principles Governing IPCC Work, paragraph 2
Source: http://www.ipcc.ch/pdf/ipcc-principles/ipcc-principles.pdf

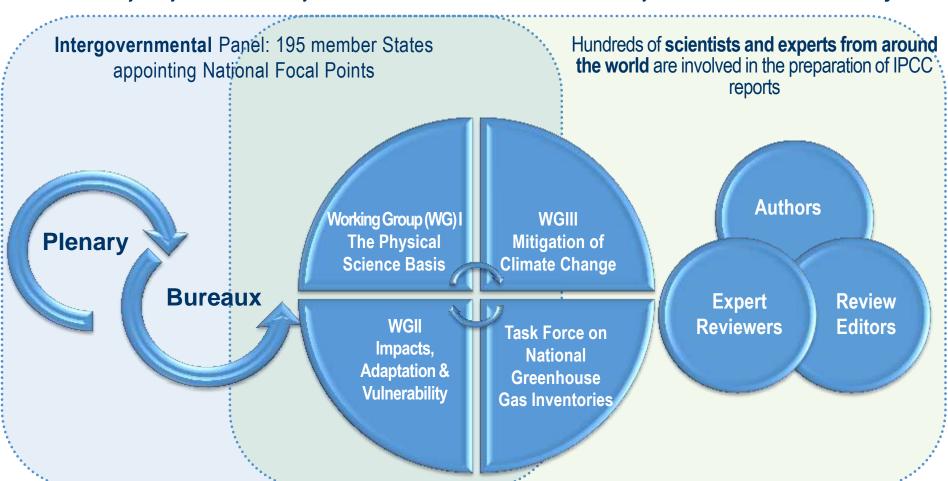




### **Science/Policy Interface**



IPCC – jointly established by WMO and UNEP, action endorsed by the UN General Assembly









### **IPCC** Reports

Global Warming of 1.5°C

CLIMATE

Five assessment reports (1990, 1995, 2001, 2007, 2013-14)

1992 supplementary report and 1994 special report

11 special reports (1997, 1999, 2000, 2005, 2011, 2012, 2018, 2019)

**Guidelines for national GHG inventories, good practice** guidance (1995, 1996, 2000, 2003, 2006, 2013)

Six technical papers (1996-2008)



### Other Activities and Achievements



National Greenhouse Gas Inventories (Publication of IPCC Methodology Reports)



Task Group on Data and Scenario Support for Impact and Climate Analysis (TGICA): facilitates distribution and application of climate change related data and scenarios)



Organizing expert meetings and workshops to facilitate discussion on topics relevant to the Assessment process







# What are IPCC reports used for?













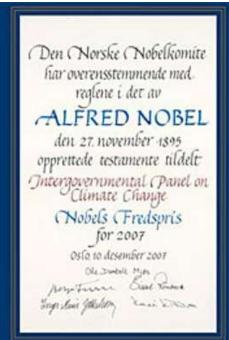




### **Achievements: 2007 Nobel Peace Prize**









The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change and Albert Arnold (Al) Gore Jr. were awarded the Nobel Peace Prize

"for their efforts to build up and disseminate greater knowledge about man-made climate change, and to lay the foundations for the measures that are needed to counteract such change".

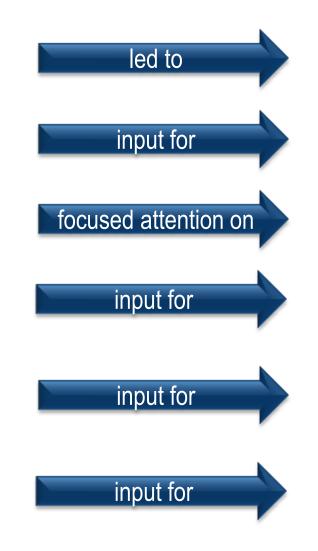


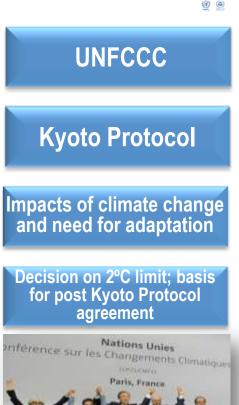


# IPCC reports have made an impact



**FAR (1990) SAR (1995) TAR (2001)** AR4 (2007) AR5 (2013/2014) **SR1.5** 





COP24/Talanoa

**Dialogue** 





# **IPCC** reports are relevant



# SUSTAINABLE G ALS





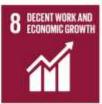




































## **Sixth Assessment Cycle (AR6)**

#### **3 Special Reports**

Global Warming of 1.5 °C	Climate Change and Land	Ocean and Cryosphere
(SR15)	(SRCCL)	(SROCC)

October 2018 August 2019

UNFCCC COP24 - Talanoa (facilitative) dialogue

#### **Methodology Report update**

May 2019: 2019 Refinement to the 2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories

#### Cities



September 2019

Attention on cities in AR6 including a conference and special report on cities in AR7

#### **AR6 Main Report**

**2021**: Working Group I, II, and III contribution to the Sixth Assessment Report

April 2022: Synthesis Report to the Sixth Assessment Report

**UNFCCC** global stocktake 2023







### THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

#### For more information:

Website: <a href="http://ipcc.ch/">http://ipcc.ch/</a>

IPCC Secretariat: <a href="mailto:ipcc-sec@wmo.int">ipcc-sec@wmo.int</a>

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